63rd Annual Plainfield Christmas Bird Count

Welcome to the Plainfield Christmas Bird Count -- We are glad to have you join us! This year marks the 124th annual Audubon Christmas Bird Count, making it the longest running citizen science project on the planet. More than 50,000 observers across North America participate each year in this all-day census of winter bird population. The results are compiled into the longest running database in ornithology, representing over a century of continuous trends of bird populations. Our particular Plainfield circle, spanning Montpelier to Marshfield, is among the longest-running count circles in the country!

The Plainfield Christmas Bird Count will take place this year on **Saturday, December 16, 2023**. To cover our count circle we welcome on-foot and vehicle-based field observers as well as feeder watchers who will count birds at their own feeders. Below and attached are all the instructions and datasheets you'll need.

Feeder Watchers

Please use the attached feeder watcher datasheet for your counts. It includes instructions for observing, recording, and submitting your data. This is a great option for folks who would like to watch birds from the comfort of their own home. If you'd like to be a feeder watcher, please let us know in advance so that our road-based teams don't also count birds at your feeders as they drive by.

Field Observers

You should have a sector (or sector portion) assignment at least a week before the count. If that's not the case, please contact Sean (<u>sean@northbranchnaturecenter.org</u>). We do our best to assign teams to their preferred areas, and to their preferred mode of transit (vehicle or foot).

Maps of the count circle and the sectors within it can be found <u>on our website</u>. Please familiarize yourself with the instructions on the next page. The general rules across all CBCs can be found here: <u>https://www.audubon.org/conservation/join-christmas-bird-count</u>.

Please use the attached tally sheet to keep a quick count throughout the day.

At the end of the day, transcribe your data onto the formal attached datasheet for submission.

Data Submission

Data can be submitted by emailing the info to <u>sean@northbranchnaturecenter.org</u>. You can send an image of the datasheet or simply provide all the information contained on the datasheet in the body of your email. You can also join the post-count Zoom meeting (see below), to report your data "in-person."

Potluck!!

Join us after the count for our celebratory potluck dinner at NORTH BRANCH NATURE CENTER. Please plan to arrive after dark, any time you'd like after 5:00. We'll kick off our count tally at about 5:30. The potluck is our chance to compare notes, compile data, share observations, and, of course, boast about our greatest sightings (for science!). We'll also dig into our historic count records to find interesting trends and sightings from over the years. If you can't make it to the potluck, please email or drop off your data after you have finished your count.

Rules for Field Observers

Count every bird you see. Counts should be as exact as possible. Accurate counts of even our most common birds like chickadees are important. If you cover the same ground twice, do not double-count birds that may have been observed earlier.

Choose your own adventure. Some teams prefer to be out at dawn, others midday, and many all day long. You have your territory assignments, but you are welcome to tackle your territory whenever/however you see fit. Please note that bird activity at feeders tends to be best in the mornings.

Include your effort. There is a place for this in the data sheet. Effort information is necessary to interpret results. Include the time that you spent birding as well as the distance you traveled (and whether by car or foot). Please round all hours to the nearest quarter-hour, and all distances to the nearest quarter-mile. It is the effort of the party—not the individual—that we need. For example, the effort of 3 individuals walking together 1 mile is not 3 miles, it is 1 mile for the party. And if a group splits, then you would add the separate effort of the second party.

Obey traffic laws and private property. Maybe obvious, but easily forgotten about. In particular, be careful on main roads and be aware of stopping on blind turns. Be very respectful about birding on private property, or pointing your binoculars into private property (i.e. the feeders in the front yard). If asked, please let people know that you are participating in the Christmas Bird Count with the National Audubon Society.

Don't forget about "count week" birds. If we miss any species during the count day, we can still include them as 'count week' birds if they are seen within three days before/after the count. Keep your eyes open for unusual birds from the Wednesday prior to the count through the Tuesday following the count.

Thank you, and happy birding!

Plainfield Christmas Bird Count Data Fo	rm Year:	
	Sector/Territory:	
Snow Goose	COMMON RAVEN	
CANADA GOOSE	Horned Lark	
American Black Duck	BLACK-CAPPED CHICKADEE	
MALLARD		
Green-winged Teal	RED-BREASTED NUTHATCH	
Canvasback	WHITE-BREASTED NUTHATCH	
Ring-necked Duck	BROWN CREEPER	
Lesser Scaup	Carolina Wren	
HOODED MERGANSER	Winter Wren	
COMMON MERGANSER	GOLDEN-CROWNED KINGLET	
RUFFED GROUSE	Hermit Thrush	
WILD TURKEY	AMERICAN ROBIN	
Great Blue Heron	EUROPEAN STARLING	
Turkey Vulture	Bohemian Waxwing	
Bald Eagle	CEDAR WAXWING	
Golden Eagle	AMERICAN TREE SPARROW	
Sharp-shinned Hawk	Song Sparrow	
Cooper's Hawk	Swamp Sparrow	
Northern Goshawk	White-throated Sparrow	
RED-TAILED HAWK	DARK-EYED JUNCO	
Rough-legged Hawk	Lapland Longspur	
American Kestrel	Snow Bunting	
Ring-billed Gull	NORTHERN CARDINAL	
Herring Gull	Red-winged Blackbird	
ROCK PIGEON	Rusty Blackbird	
MOURNING DOVE	Common Grackle	
BARRED OWL	BROWN-HEADED COWBIRD	
Long-eared Owl	Pine Grosbeak	
Belted Kingfisher	PURPLE FINCH	
Red-headed Woodpecker	HOUSE FINCH	
Red-bellied Woodpecker	Red Crossbill	
DOWNY WOODPECKER	White-winged Crossbill	
HAIRY WOODPECKER	COMMON REDPOLL	
Northern Flicker	Hoary Redpoll	
PILEATED WOODPECKER	PINE SISKIN	
NORTHERN SHRIKE	AMERICAN GOLDFINCH	
BLUE JAY	EVENING GROSBEAK	
AMERICAN CROW	HOUSE SPARROW	

PURPLE FINCH= Seen on count day/week for more than five of the last ten years

Snow Bunting = Seen on count day/week for three to five of the last ten years

Rusty Blackbird = Seen on count day/week in the last 15 years, but under three of the last ten years

For Count Week species (seen 3 days before or after, but not on, count day), enter "cw" instead of count

Unlisted Species Write-Ins

Conditions		
Temperature min/max	Precipitation start/end	
Cloud Cover min/max	Water (open vs. frozen)	

Team Effort		
Total Party hrs Foot	Total Party Miles - Foot	
Total Party hrs Car	Total Party Miles - Car	

 Owling

 Nocturnal Effort

 Hours

Sector/Team	
Sector No.:	Sector Location:
Team Members	Address

Feeder Counters	
Name and Hours:	

Plainfield Christmas Bird Count – Tally Sheet

Canada Goose	Common Raven
American Black Duck	Tufted Titmouse
Mallard	Red-breasted Nuthatch
Hooded Merganser	White-breasted Nuthatch
Common Merganser	Brown Creeper
Ruffed Grouse	Golden-crowned Kinglet
Wild Turkey	American Robin
Bald Eagle	European Starling
Sharp-shinned Hawk	Bohemian Waxwing
Cooper's Hawk	Cedar Waxwing
Northern Goshawk	American Tree Sparrow
Red-tailed Hawk	Dark-eyed Junco
Rock Pigeon	Snow Bunting
Mourning Dove	Northern Cardinal
Barred Owl	Purple Finch
Downy Woodpecker	House Finch
Hairy Woodpecker	Common Redpoll
Pileated Woodpecker	Pine Siskin
Northern Shrike	American Goldfinch
Blue Jay	Evening Grosbeak
American Crow	House Sparrow
Black-capped Chickadee	

Please transcribe results to an official data sheet for your sector. Call Sean at 735-3008 for questions.

Plainfield Christmas Bird Count Feeder Watcher Checklist

Max Seen	Species	Name:
	Wild Turkey	
	Sharp-shinned Hawk	Address:
	Cooper's Hawk	
	Red-tailed Hawk	Telephone:
	Rock Pigeon	Ence the
	Mourning Dove	Email:
	Barred Owl	Vear
	Red-bellied Woodpecker	Year:
	Downy Woodpecker	Start Time (first time observing feeders):
	Hairy Woodpecker	
	Pileated Woodpecker	
	Northern Shrike	End Time (final time observing feeders):
	Blue Jay	
	American Crow	
	Common Raven	TOTAL OBSERVATION TIME (cumulative time
	Black-capped Chickadee	•
	Tufted Titmouse	actively spent observing feeders):
	Red-breasted Nuthatch	
	White-breasted Nuthatch	Masther
	Brown Creeper	Weather:
	European Starling	Temperature: Precip:
	American Tree Sparrow	
	Song Sparrow	Feeder Watcher Instructions: Count the maximum
	White-throated Sparrow	number of each species that are visible at one time on the
	Dark-eyed Junco	count day. So, for example, if you see a group of 3
	Northern Cardinal	chickadees in the morning and then a group of 5
	Purple Finch	chickadees in the afternoon, your total is 5 chickadees (not
	House Finch	8). Also, be sure to record personal information above and
	Common Redpoll	effort information below.
	Pine Siskin	Options for reporting your feeder count:
	American Goldfinch	
	Evening Grosbeak	1. Come to the potluck compilation dinner
	House Sparrow	2. Email results to:
	other	Sean@NorthBranchNatureCenter.org
		3. Mail this data sheet to:
		NBNC, 713 Elm Street, Montpelier VT 05602